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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAJAN GLASS COMPANY SAOG

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Majan Glass Company SAOG ('the Company'), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Sultanate of Oman, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAJAN GLASS COMPANY SAOG (continued)

Key audit matters (continued)

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<i>Inventories and allowance for slow moving inventories (refer note: 9)</i>	
<p>The value of inventories and the allowance for slow moving inventories at the end of the reporting period amounts to RO 4,055,615 and RO 203,760 respectively.</p> <p>We considered this area as a key audit matter due to the materiality of the amount involved. Further, the allowance for slow moving inventories involves significant management judgment and estimation in determining the carrying value of inventories.</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understanding and challenging management's assumptions on allowance for slow-moving inventories and independently assessing whether the allowance created at the end of the reporting period is adequate.
<i>Accounts receivables and allowance for credit losses (refer note: 10)</i>	
<p>As at 31 December 2021 the Company has significant balances of accounts receivable amounting RO 3,088,887 and allowance for credit losses of RO 30,968.</p> <p>Given the materiality of the amount involved and the significant management judgement on the provision made for the expected credit losses this is considered as a key audit matter.</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Testing the accuracy of the aging of trade receivables; Assess the operating effectiveness of the credit process; Verify the data underlying the expected credit loss computation; Review the methodology used and assess the reasonableness of assumptions used in preparing the estimate.
<i>Income from operations (refer note: 22)</i>	
<p>We focused on income from operations as it is considered to be one of the significant areas in our overall audit strategy due to its materiality in the context of the financial statements as a whole.</p>	<p>We obtained assurance over the revenue recorded by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Testing the operating effectiveness of the various manual and IT related controls. Testing cut off of revenue at the beginning and year-end to ensure that revenue received in advance has been deferred until the Company satisfies performance obligation. Performing analytical procedures on revenue to assess the reasonableness of the revenue recorded. Testing of sample transactions by tracing documents originating sales to documents entering the sales in the accounting system.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAJAN GLASS COMPANY SAOG (continued)

Other information included in the Company's 2021 Annual Report

Those charged with governance and management are responsible for the other information. Other information consists of the information included in the Company's 2021 Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. We have obtained the other information comprising the Chairman's Report, Corporate Governance Report and Management Discussion and Analysis Report prior to the date of our auditor's report, and we expect to obtain the published 2021 Annual report after the date of our auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, the disclosure requirements of the Capital Market Authority and the relevant requirements of the Commercial Companies Law of the Sultanate of Oman, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, those charged with governance are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAJAN GLASS COMPANY SAOG (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAJAN GLASS COMPANY SAOG (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Further, we report that the financial statements of the Company as at 31 December 2021, comply in all material respects, with the relevant requirements of the Commercial Companies Law of the Sultanate of Oman, and the relevant disclosure requirements for Public Joint Stock Companies issued by the Capital Market Authority.

GROWE MAK GHAZALI LLC

Davis Kallukaran
Managing Partner

Muscat, Sultanate of Oman
27 February 2022

